Web-based Support Systems

JingTao Yao 姚静涛 Department of Computer Science, University of <u>Regina</u> CANADA S4S 0A2 jtyao@cs.uregina.ca http://www2.cs.uregina.ca/~jtyao

Acknowledgement

感谢 CRSSC-CWI-CGrC'07 组织者邀请

- 名誉主席: 张钹
- 会议主席:刘清 梁吉业 石纯一
- 程序委员会主席:王国胤 李德玉 黄厚宽
- 组委会主席:丁耀武 吴渝
- CRSSC 程序委员会主席: 冯嘉礼 于剑 王文剑
- CGrC 程序委员会主席: 苗夺谦 吴伟志 谢克明
- CWI 程序委员会主席: 吕胜富 安秋生 高阳
- 论坛主席:刘贵龙

感谢山西大学, 计算机信息技术学院诸位领导同事

J T Yao: Web-based Support Systems

Web-based Support Systems (WSS)

- An emerging multidisciplinary research area that studies the support of human activities with the Web as the common platform, medium and interface.
- One of the goals of building WSS is to extend the human physical limitation of information processing in the information age.

WSS & WI

- Moving support systems online is an increasing trend in Web Intelligence research.
- WSS are a multidisciplinary research: the supported field, computer science, information technology, and Web technology.

WSS: A Multidisciplinary Research



Advances in Science and Technology

- More data/information
- More tools
- More difficult problems
- More complex tasks
- More demands for quality and productivity
- •

Advances in Computer and Web Technology

- More opportunities
 - Availability, accessibility, flexibility
- More challenges
 - Find the right information/tools,
 - Learn/use the existing tools
- Faster changes
 - Keep up with the pace of the changes.

Why WSS?

- To take the opportunities of the Web.
- To meet the challenges of the Web.
- To extend the human physical limitations of information processing.
- To overcome many limitations that computerized support systems suffered from.
- To keep up with the advance of technology advances.

Computerized Support systems

- It is impossible to develop a fully automated computer system.
- More practical substitute systems
 - Decision support systems (DSS)
 - Computer aided software engineering (CASE)
 - Computer aided design (CAD)
 - Computer aided education (CAE)

What Can We Do with the Web

- Provides a distributed infrastructure for information processing and communications
- Delivers timely, secure information and tools with user friendly interface.
- Has no time or geographic restrictions.
- Is used as a new channel for research discuss (collaboration).
- Standardized user interface framework (HTML, CSS, XML).
- Results can be controlled and retrieved remotely and instantly.
- Has potential to reach a much larger user base.

Why the Web?

- The Web is used as
 - The basic infrastructure
 - The common user interface
 - The universal platform
 - The medium
 - for delivering and providing support of various human activities.

WSS Naming Convention

A: a particular domain/field

A + support systems (CS&IT) = A support systems Web + A + support systems = Web-based support systems

Examples:

Decision support systems,

Web-based decision support systems

J T Yao: Web-based Support Systems

Two Dimensional View of WSS

- WSS may be viewed as extensions of existing studies in two dimensions
 - Application dimension

From decision support to other types of support systems (e.g., data mining support, retrieval support, reading support, etc.).

Technology dimension
From old technology based to new technology based systems.

Two Dimensional View of WSS

	Technology		
Domain	Computer	Web	•••
Decision Making	DSS	WDSS	•••
Information Retrieval	IRSS	WIRSS	•••
Science Research	RSS	WRSS	•••
Learning	LSS	WLSS	•••
Knowledge management	KMSS	WKMSS	•••
Data mining	DMSS	WDMSS	•••
Medical	MSS	WMSS	•••
•••	•••	•••	•••

Goals of WSS Research

- Combining the isolated research efforts on various support systems.
- Integrating the diverse general or specific computerized systems.
- Extract the commonality to form a new and separate sub-field of study.
- Applying existing approaches and developing new theories and approaches for WSS.

WSS Workshops

- 2003, JingTao Yao and Pawan Lingras co-organized the 1st International Workshop on Web-based Support System
 - http://www2.cs.uregina.ca/~wss/wss03/
- 2004, JingTao Yao, Vijay Raghavan, and Guoyin Wang co-organized the 2nd International Workshop on Webbased Support System
 - http://www2.cs.uregina.ca/~wss/wss04/
- 2006, JingTao Yao, Kanliang co-organized the 3rd International Workshop on Web-based Support System
 - http://www2.cs.uregina.ca/~wss/wss06/

WSS Proceedings



General Architecture of WSS



WSS Research

- Study of domain independent theories, models, and techniques of WSS as a separate field on its own.
- Study of concrete models of WSS specific domains, such as decision support, research support, retrieval support.
- Design and implementation of variable WSS.

WSS Directions

- Support systems (semi-automatic, interactive) may be more valuable than fully automatic systems, particularly in domains with unstructured problems.
- Users/experts play an active role in using support systems.
- Support systems are a new type of tools that help human to perform various task.
- Support systems will extend the capacity of human, instead of replace them.

Research on WSS

- Operations & logic
 - Understand the needs of WSS
 - Domain specific
 - Domain independent
- Support facilities
 - What can CS/IT/Web offer
 - Domain specific
 - Domain independent

Basic issues of WSS

- Supporting domain independent activities
 - Reading
 - Writing
 - Presentation
 - Communication
 -
- Support domain dependent activities
 - Decision analysis
 - Strategic decision making
 - Risk analysis

.

Scope of WSS

- Web-based support systems for specific domains.
- Web-based applications.
- Techniques related to WSS.
- Design and development of WSS

WSS for Specific Domains

- Web-based decision support systems
- Web-based group decision support systems
- Web-based executive support systems
- Web-based business support systems
- Web-based negotiation support systems
- Web-based medical support systems
- Web-based research support systems
- Web-based information retrieval support systems
- Web-based education support systems
- Web-based learning support systems
- Web-based teaching support systems J T Yao: Web-based Support Systems

Web-based Applications

- Web-based knowledge management systems
- Web-based groupware systems
- Web-based financial and economic systems
- Internet banking systems
- Web-based multimedia systems

Techniques Related to WSS

- Web information management
- Web information retrieval
- Web data mining and farming
- Web search engines

Design and Development of WSS

- Web-based systems development
- CASE tools and software for developing Webbased applications
- Systems analysis and design methods for Webbased applications
- User-interface design issues for Web-based applications
- Visualizations of Web-based systems
- Security issues related to Web-based applications

Web-based Research Support Systems

- A specific type of WSS
- The general ideas of WSS apply to WRSS
- It is an example to demonstrate the usefulness of the study of WSS.
- Three Types of WRSS
 - Support individual researchers
 - Support research management
 - Support research collaborations

Scientific Research in the Web Age

- As new technologies evolve and existing technologies expand, a scientist needs to adjust accordingly and make full use of them when carrying out research.
- Scientists face many challenges in using Webbased information resources, such as information overload, misinformation, fees, poorly designed navigation, retrieval, and browsing tools.

Interdisciplinary Nature Research Support Systems

- Research methodologies:
 - Purpose of research (science), research methods, research activities, etc.
- Computer science
 - Computer systems that support various research activities.
- Web
 - As an infrastructure and a medium of support delivery, as an common user interface.
- WRSS integrates and extends existing computer technologies and systems to serve scientists.

WRSS

- How to support scientists to meet such challenges is an important issue.
- Many computer systems have been implemented to support various research activities.
 - Meta search engines
 - World (spelling, grammar checking)
 - Citation indexes: Web of Science, Google Scholar, DBLP, CiteSeer

A Model of the Research Process

- Idea-generating phase.
- Problem-definition phase.
- Procedure-design/planning phase.
- Observation/experimentation phase.
- Data-analysis phase.
- Results-interpretation/explanation phase.
- Communication phase

Role of WRSS

- Active role of WRSS: scientists play an active role in using a passive system vs. WRSS play a more active role to assist scientists.
- Rationality and feasibility: research process is relatively discipline independent, which makes WRSS feasible.
 - Separation of general research process and discipline specific knowledge.

Characteristics of WRSS

- Conceptual organization of WRSS: Sequentially according to the sequence of research phases, hierarchically based on the complexity of research activities.
- Personalized support.
- Adaptation over time.
- Web platform.

Functionalities of WRSS

- Profile management: to collect, organize, and store all relevant information the scientists.
- Resource management:
 - Many types of resources exist for supporting research, such as human resources, tool resources, and information/knowledge resources.
 - The objective is to identify the suitable resource to support scientists' research needs.
- Data/knowledge management: to record, store and retrieve the useful data, information and knowledge during the entire research process.
 JT Yao: Web-based Support Systems 35

Specific Supporting Functionalities

- Exploring support
- Retrieval support
- Reading support
- Analyzing support
- Writing support

Contributing Computer Science Fields

- Database
- Information retrieval
- Data mining system, statistics software
- Visualization
- Graphics user interfaces
- Text editors and processors
- Intelligent agents
- Many more

Other Examples

- Two undergoing projects
 - Web-based learning support: treasure hunting games
 - Web-based research support: Weblog

Web of Science

- <u>Reference Search</u>
- Citation Analysis
- <u>GrC</u>

Conclusion

- Support systems will play more and more important roles in the near future. They provide a potential solution for information/tool overload and the complexity of modern problems.
- It is necessary and beneficial to study Web-based support systems as a separate sub-field of research.
- The successful story of Decision Support Systems can be repeated in other domains.

Conclusion

- WSS is a newly identified research area
- The research on WSS is a natural evolution of the existing research.
 - DSS => WDSS => WSS
 - DSS => Computerized SS => WSS
- We identify domain, scope, research of WSS
- WRSS is a concrete example of WSS.
- Expect that WSS will attract more research.

Web-based Support Systems

JingTao Yao 姚静涛 Department of Computer Science, University or Regina CANADA S4S 0A2 jtyao@cs.uregina.ca http://www2.cs.uregina.ca/~jtyao

Where is Regina?



43