



JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION

OVERNIGHT DELIVERY - AIRBORNE EXPRESS

July 14, 1993

Containerboard Mill Division

1915 WIGMORE STREET
P.O. BOX 150
JACKSONVILLE, FL 32201
TELEPHONE: 904/353-3611

Mr. Clair H. Fancy, P.E., Chief
Bureau of Air Regulation
Division of Air Resources Management
Department of Environmental Protection
2600 Blair Stone Road
Tallahassee, FL 32399-2400

SUBJECT: NO. 10 COAL/BARK BOILER
PERMIT NO. AO16-185036
JEFFERSON-SMURFIT CORPORATION
JACKSONVILLE MILL

RECEIVED

JUL 15 1993

Division of Air
Resources Management

1993 JUL 15 AM 10:47
RECEIVED
DEP-MAIL ROOM

Dear Mr. Fancy:

In response to your letter of January 22, 1993, please accept the enclosed package as an application to modify the construction and operation permits for the subject boiler. The package includes the cover letter explaining the modification and responding to the questions of your previous letter; a completed application form and supporting calculations; results of the modeling; and the application fee, Check No. 1131073 in the amount of \$7,500.00.

First, the responses to the questions in your previous letter:

- * There have been no physical modifications or reconstructions to the No. 10 Boiler since the original construction was completed.
- * The proposed modification will not affect the operation or emissions of any other source at this facility. The increase in the heat input rate will allow a greater use of bark, which is a more economical and an available fuel. Also, the increased heat input rate will allow a small increase in the steam production rate of the boiler which will result in an increase in electrical power generation which will reduce the need to purchase that power from outside the company.

As instructed by your office, this application package, including the modeling, has been prepared based on the premise of "past actuals vs. future allowables". For the hours of operation, the two years selected from the AORs submitted to DEP as representative from the last five are 1988 (8,488 hours) and 1992 (8,455 hours). The past actual emissions of each pollutant were then calculated using stack tests results accepted by DEP (copies included). Following is a pollutant-by-pollutant description of the permit modification application.

For **particulate matter** (PM-10), Jefferson-Smurfit Corporation (JSC) proposes to accept an emission limit of 24.3 lb/hr and 106.5 t/yr. Since this annual emission rate represents an increase of less than 15 t/yr above the past actual annual rate, further new source review requirements are not necessary. This new limit can be met under current operating conditions, as demonstrated by all previous stack tests; however, if necessary, the scrubber liquid to the venturi scrubber can be adjusted to insure continuous compliance.

For **sulfur dioxide** (SO₂), JSC proposes new emission limits of 217 lb/hr and 950.5 t/yr. This represents a reduction of almost 315 t/yr; however, it is still an increase of 97.5 t/yr above the past actual annual rate. Modeling of this emission rate does not result in a significant impact on ambient concentrations in Duval County, or in any Class I areas within 100 km. JSC requests that this rate be accepted as BACT because: the existing caustic scrubber represents state-of-the-art SO₂ control equipment; the scrubbing liquid rate to the caustic scrubber can be adjusted to insure continuous compliance; and, the new, lower emission rate results in an improvement in air quality when compared to existing allowable emissions.

For **nitrogen oxides** (NO_x), JSC proposes to retain the existing allowables of 308.7 lb/hr and 1352.1 t/yr. While this is an increase of 188.1 t/yr above the past actual emission rate, modeling indicates that it does not result in a significant impact on ambient concentrations in Duval County, or in any Class I area within 100 km. For this reason, and because this rate was determined to be BACT for this type and model boiler in the original determination, JSC requests that the existing allowables be accepted as BACT.

For **volatile organic compounds** (VOC), JSC proposes emission limits of 38.6 lb/hr and 168.9 t/yr. While this is an increase of 24.9 t/yr above the existing allowable rate, it is an increase of 39.9 t/yr above the existing actual annual emission rate. Since the increase does not exceed the significant emissions increase threshold, no further new source requirements are necessary.

For **carbon monoxide** (CO), JSC proposes emission limits of 65 lb/hr and 269.9 t/yr. The hourly emission limit remains unchanged from the past allowable rate. The annual emission rate increases by 99.9 t/yr, but this is below the 100 t/yr threshold, and, therefore, no further new source review requirements apply. No emission tests for CO have been required by DEP in the last five years; therefore, according to FAC 17-212.200(2)(b), past actuals are presumed to equal past allowables.

Attached for convenience is a tabulation of current actual and allowable emission rates. Also, as requested in your letter, we are providing the summary performance specification sheet of the boiler.

We believe this will provide the information you need to process the permit modification. If further data is required or if you have any questions, please let me know.

Very truly yours,



Hollis H. Elder
Vice President &
General Manager

Enclosure

cc: J. Cole, NE Dist
R. Robinson, Ournal Co.
G. Harper, EPA
J. Bunyat, NPS

CURRENT ALLOWABLE EMISSIONS

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>#/hr</u>	<u>t/yr</u>	<u>Other</u>
Particulate	44.1	152	0.1 #/MMBtu
SO ₂	289.5	1265	
NOx	308.7	1352.1	0.7 #/MMBtu
VOC	61.0	144	
CO	65.0	170	

CURRENT ACTUAL EMISSIONS

<u>Pollutant</u>	<u>#/hr</u>	<u>t/yr</u>	<u>Date determined</u>
Particulate	21.63	91.6	2/27/91
SO ₂	201.11	852	3/16/92
NOx	274.89	1164	2/27/91
VOC	30.44	129	6/27/90

* Representative hours of operation are for 1988 and 1992.

* No test data for CO; therefore, according to FAC17-212.200(2)(b), presume actual = allowable.



JSC/CCA

JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION AND
CONTAINER CORPORATION OF AMERICA
401 Alton Street, P.O. Box 276, Alton, IL 62002-2276

No.1131073

80-0990
815

SCOTT CITY BANK & TRUST
A CORRESPONDENT OF BOATMEN'S BANK

DATE 7-14-93

PLANT NO.

13

The sum of 7500 dol's 00 cts

PAY TO THE ORDER OF FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
2600 BLAIR STONE ROAD
TALLAHASSEE, FL 32399-2400

THIS CHECK NOT VALID UNLESS PRESENTED FOR
PAYMENT WITHIN 180 DAYS FROM DATE OF ISSUE.

*****7,500.00*****
AMOUNT

JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION

2ND SIGNATURE REQUIRED
IF OVER \$5,000

[Handwritten Signature]
2ND SIGNATURE

[Handwritten Signature]
1ST SIGNATURE

⑆⑆⑆1073⑆ ⑆08⑆509902⑆ 0⑆006⑆0337⑆



Florida Department of Environmental Regulation
Twin Towers Office Bldg. • 2600 Blair Stone Road • Tallahassee, Florida 32399-2400

AC16-234532
PSD-FL-207

#1500 pd,
7-16-93
Receipt # 150878

DER Form # _____
From Title _____
Effective Date _____
DER Application No. _____ Filed in DEP

APPLICATION TO OPERATE/CONSTRUCT AIR POLLUTION SOURCES

SOURCE TYPE: Power Boiler-Combined Fuel [] New¹ [X] Existing¹
APPLICATION TYPE: [] Construction [] Operation [X] Modification
COMPANY NAME: Jefferson-Smurfit Corporation COUNTY: Duval
Identify the specific emission point source(s) addressed in this application (i.e. Line
Kiln No. 4 with Venturi Scrubber; Peaking Unit No. 2, Gas Fired) #10 Coal/Bark Boiler
SOURCE LOCATION: Street 1915 Wigmore Street City Jacksonville
UTM: East 7439.500 North 3359.100
Latitude 30° 22' 00"N Longitude 81° 37' 30"W
APPLICANT NAME AND TITLE: Hollis H. Elder, Vice President and General Manager
APPLICANT ADDRESS: Post Office Box 150, Jacksonville, Florida 32201

SECTION I: STATEMENTS BY APPLICANT AND ENGINEER

A. APPLICANT

I am the undersigned owner or authorized representative* of Jefferson-Smurfit Corporation

I certify that the statements made in this application for a modification to construction permit are true, correct and complete to the best of my knowledge and belief. Further, I agree to maintain and operate the pollution control source and pollution control facilities in such a manner as to comply with the provision of Chapter 403, Florida Statutes, and all the rules and regulations of the department and revisions thereof. I also understand that a permit, if granted by the department, will be non-transferable and I will promptly notify the department upon sale or legal transfer of the permitted establishment.

*Attach letter of authorization

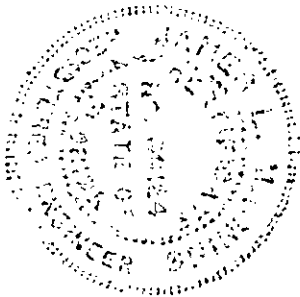
Signed: Hollis H. Elder
Hollis H. Elder, Vice President and General Manager
Name and Title (Please Type)
Date: 7/19/93 Telephone No. 904/353-3611

B. PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REGISTERED IN FLORIDA (where required by Chapter 471, F.S.)

This is to certify that the engineering features of this pollution control project have been designed/examined by me and found to be in conformity with modern engineering principles applicable to the treatment and disposal of pollutants characterized in the permit application. There is reasonable assurance, in my professional judgment, that

¹ See Florida Administrative Code Rule 17-2.100(57) and (104)

the pollution control facilities, when properly maintained and operated, will discharge an effluent that complies with all applicable statutes of the State of Florida and the rules and regulations of the department. It is also agreed that the undersigned will furnish, if authorized by the owner, the applicant a set of instructions for the proper maintenance and operation of the pollution control facilities and, if applicable, pollution sources.



Signed James L. Manning
James L. Manning, P.E.
Name (Please Type)

Jones, Edmunds & Associates, Inc.
Company Name (Please Type)

730 North Waldo Road, Gainesville, Florida 32601
Mailing Address (Please Type)

Florida Registration No. 36124 Date: 7/11/93 Telephone No. 904/377-5821

SECTION II: GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION

A. Describe the nature and extent of the project. Refer to pollution control equipment, and expected improvements in source performance as a result of installation. State whether the project will result in full compliance. Attach additional sheet if necessary.

Modify the existing Construction Permit to increase the maximum heat input to the boiler from 441 MMBtu to 540 MMBtu.

B. Schedule of project covered in this application (Construction Permit Application Only)

Start of Construction N/A Completion of Construction _____

C. Costs of pollution control system(s): (Note: Show breakdown of estimated costs only for individual components/units of the project serving pollution control purposes. Information on actual costs shall be furnished with the application for operation permit.)

N/A

D. Indicate any previous DER permits, orders and notices associated with the emission point, including permit issuance and expiration dates.

Construction Permit No.: AC16-33885; issued February 3, 1981; expired January 31, 1984

Operation Permit No.: A016-185036; issued October 24, 1990; expires September 30, 1995

E. Requested permitted equipment operating time: hrs/day 24 ; days/wk 7 ; wks/yr 52 ;
if power plant, hrs/yr _____ ; if seasonal, describe: _____

F. If this is a new source or major modification, answer the following questions.
(Yes or No)

- 1. Is this source in a non-attainment area for a particular pollutant? Yes
 - a. If yes, has "offset" been applied? Yes
 - b. If yes, has "Lowest Achievable Emission Rate" been applied? Yes
 - c. If yes, list non-attainment pollutants. Ozone, particulate*
- 2. Does best available control technology (BACT) apply to this source?
If yes, see Section VI. Yes**
- 3. Does the State "Prevention of Significant Deterioration" (PSD)
requirement apply to this source? If yes, see Sections VI and VII. Yes**
- 4. Do "Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources" (NSPS)
apply to this source? Yes**
- 5. Do "National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants"
(NESHAP) apply to this source? No

- H. Do "Reasonably Available Control Technology" (RACT) requirements apply
to this source? No
- a. If yes, for what pollutants? _____
 - b. If yes, in addition to the information required in this form,
any information requested in Rule 17-2.650 must be submitted.

Attach all supportive information related to any answer of "Yes". Attach any justifi-
cation for any answer of "No" that might be considered questionable.

* Duval County was non-attainment for TSP when the original application was submitted.
At that time LAER was established and offsets were provided.

** All applicability determinations were made in the original Construction Permit.

SECTION III: AIR POLLUTION SOURCES & CONTROL DEVICES (Other than Incinerators)

A. Raw Materials and Chemicals Used in your Process, if applicable: N/A

Description	Contaminants		Utilization Rate - lbs/hr	Relate to Flow Diagram
	Type	% Wt		

B. Process Rate, if applicable: (See Section V, Item 1) N/A

1. Total Process Input Rate (lbs/hr): _____

2. Product Weight (lbs/hr): _____

C. Airborne Contaminants Emitted: (Information in this table must be submitted for each emission point, use additional sheets as necessary)

Name of Contaminant	Emission ¹		Allowed ² Emission Rate per Rule 17-2	Allowable ³ Emission lbs/hr	Potential ⁴ Emission		Relate to Flow Diagram
	Maximum lbs/hr	Actual T/yr			lbs/yr	T/yr	
PM-10	24.3	106.5	0.1 #/10 ⁶ Btu	24.3	1536.8	6,731	
SO ₂	217	950.5	289.5 #/hr	217	548.3	2,401.5	
NO _x	308.7	1352.1	0.70 #/10 ⁶ Btu	308.7	308.7	1,352.1	
VOC	38.6	168.9	No std.	38.6	38.6	168.9	
CO	65	269.9	No.std.	65	65	269.9	

¹See Section V, Item 2.

²Reference applicable emission standards and units (e.g. Rule 17-2.600(5)(b)2. Table II, E. (1) - 0.1 pounds per million BTU heat input)

³Calculated from operating rate and applicable standard.

⁴Emission, if source operated without control (See Section V, Item 3).

D. Control Devices: (See Section V, Item 4)

Name and Type (Model & Serial No.)	Contaminant	Efficiency	Range of Particles Size Collected (in microns) (If applicable)	Basis for Efficiency (Section V Item 5)
(See original Construction Permit Application)				

E. Fuels

Type (Be Specific)	Consumption*		Maximum Heat Input (MMBTU/hr)
	avg/hr	max./hr	
Coal	30,600	30,600	397.0
Bark	35,000	35,000	143.5

*Units: Natural Gas--MMCF/hr; Fuel Oils--gallons/hr; Coal, wood, refuse, other--lbs/hr.

Fuel Analysis: Coal/Bark

Percent Sulfur: 0.913/0.05 Percent Ash: 8.2/1.5

Density: _____ lbs/gal Typical Percent Nitrogen: 1.5/0.3

Heat Capacity: 13,005/4,100 BTU/lb _____ BTU/gal

Other Fuel Contaminants (which may cause air pollution): _____

F. If applicable, indicate the percent of fuel used for space heating.

Annual Average -0- Maximum _____

G. Indicate liquid or solid wastes generated and method of disposal.

H. Emission Stack Geometry and Flow Characteristics (Provide data for each stack):

Stack Height: 200 ft. Stack Diameter: 10 ft.
 Gas Flow Rate: 204,000 ACFM 167,690 DSCFM Gas Exit Temperature: 140 °F.
 Water Vapor Content: 17.8 % Velocity: 43.3 FPS

SECTION IV: INCINERATOR INFORMATION N/A

Type of Waste	Type 0 (Plastics)	Type I (Rubbish)	Type II (Refuse)	Type III (Garbage)	Type IV (Pathological)	Type V (Liq. & Gas By-prod.)	Type VI (Solid By-prod.)
Actual lb/hr Incinerated							
Uncontrolled (lbs/hr)							

Description of Waste _____

Total Weight Incinerated (lbs/hr) _____ Design Capacity (lbs/hr) _____

Approximate Number of Hours of Operation per day _____ day/wk _____ wks/yr. _____

Manufacturer _____

Date Constructed _____ Model No. _____

	Volume (ft) ³	Heat Release (BTU/hr)	Fuel		Temperature (°F)
			Type	BTU/hr	
Primary Chamber					
Secondary Chamber					

Stack Height: _____ ft. Stack Diameter: _____ Stack Temp. _____

Gas Flow Rate: _____ ACFM _____ DSCFM* Velocity: _____ FPS

*If 50 or more tons per day design capacity, submit the emissions rate in grains per standard cubic foot dry gas corrected to 50% excess air.

Type of pollution control device: Cyclone Wet Scrubber Afterburner
 Other (specify) _____

Brief description of operating characteristics of control devices: _____

Ultimate disposal of any effluent other than that emitted from the stack (scrubber water, ash, etc.):

NOTE: Items 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, and 10 in Section V must be included where applicable.

SECTION V: SUPPLEMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Please provide the following supplements where required for this application.

1. Total process input rate and product weight -- show derivation [Rule 17-2.100(127)]
2. To a construction application, attach basis of emission estimate (e.g., design calculations, design drawings, pertinent manufacturer's test data, etc.) and attach proposed methods (e.g., FR Part 60 Methods 1, 2, 3, 4, 5) to show proof of compliance with applicable standards. To an operation application, attach test results or methods used to show proof of compliance. Information provided when applying for an operation permit from a construction permit shall be indicative of the time at which the test was made.
3. Attach basis of potential discharge (e.g., emission factor, that is, AP42 test).
4. With construction permit application, include design details for all air pollution control systems (e.g., for baghouse include cloth to air ratio; for scrubber include cross-section sketch, design pressure drop, etc.)
5. With construction permit application, attach derivation of control device(s) efficiency. Include test or design data. Items 2, 3 and 5 should be consistent: actual emissions = potential (1-efficiency).
6. An 8 1/2" x 11" flow diagram which will, without revealing trade secrets, identify the individual operations and/or processes. Indicate where raw materials enter, where solid and liquid waste exit, where gaseous emissions and/or airborne particles are evolved and where finished products are obtained.
7. An 8 1/2" x 11" plot plan showing the location of the establishment, and points of airborne emissions, in relation to the surrounding area, residences and other permanent structures and roadways (Example: Copy of relevant portion of USGS topographic map).
8. An 8 1/2" x 11" plot plan of facility showing the location of manufacturing processes and outlets for airborne emissions. Relate all flows to the flow diagram.

9. The appropriate application fee in accordance with Rule 17-4.05. The check should be made payable to the Department of Environmental Regulation.
10. With an application for operation permit, attach a Certificate of Completion of Construction indicating that the source was constructed as shown in the construction permit.

SECTION VI: BEST AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGY N/A

- A. Are standards of performance for new stationary sources pursuant to 40 C.F.R. Part 60 applicable to the source?

Yes No

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

- B. Has EPA declared the best available control technology for this class of sources (If yes, attach copy)

Yes No

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

- C. What emission levels do you propose as best available control technology?

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

- D. Describe the existing control and treatment technology (if any).

1. Control Device/System:

2. Operating Principles:

3. Efficiency:*

4. Capital Costs:

*Explain method of determining

5. Useful Life:

6. Operating Costs:

7. Energy:

8. Maintenance Cost:

9. Emissions:

Contaminant

Rate or Concentration

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

10. Stack Parameters

- a. Height: ft.
- b. Diameter: ft.
- c. Flow Rate: ACFM
- d. Temperature: °F.
- e. Velocity: FPS

E. Describe the control and treatment technology available (As many types as applicable, use additional pages if necessary).

1.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

2.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:

¹Explain method of determining efficiency.

²Energy to be reported in units of electrical power - KWH design rate.

- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

3.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Cost:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

4.

- a. Control Device:
- b. Operating Principles:
- c. Efficiency:¹
- d. Capital Costs:
- e. Useful Life:
- f. Operating Cost:
- g. Energy:²
- h. Maintenance Cost:
- i. Availability of construction materials and process chemicals:
- j. Applicability to manufacturing processes:
- k. Ability to construct with control device, install in available space, and operate within proposed levels:

F. Describe the control technology selected:

- 1. Control Device:
- 2. Efficiency:¹
- 3. Capital Cost:
- 4. Useful Life:
- 5. Operating Cost:
- 6. Energy:²
- 7. Maintenance Cost:
- 8. Manufacturer:
- 9. Other locations where employed on similar processes:
- a. (1) Company:
- (2) Mailing Address:
- (3) City:
- (4) State:

¹Explain method of determining efficiency.

²Energy to be reported in units of electrical power - KWH design rate.

(5) Environmental Manager:

(6) Telephone No.:

(7) Emissions:¹

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

(8) Process Rate:¹

b. (1) Company:

(2) Mailing Address:

(3) City:

(4) State:

(5) Environmental Manager:

(6) Telephone No.:

(7) Emissions:¹

Contaminant	Rate or Concentration

(8) Process Rate:¹

10. Reason for selection and description of systems:

¹Applicant must provide this information when available. Should this information not be available, applicant must state the reason(s) why.

SECTION VII - PREVENTION OF SIGNIFICANT DETERIORATION

A. Company Monitored Data N/A

1. _____ no. sites _____ TSP _____ () SO₂* _____ Wind spd/dir

Period of Monitoring _____ / _____ / _____ to _____ / _____ / _____
month day year month day year

Other data recorded _____

Attach all data or statistical summaries to this application.

*Specify bubbler (B) or continuous (C).

2. Instrumentation, Field and Laboratory

- a. Was instrumentation EPA referenced or its equivalent? Yes No
- b. Was instrumentation calibrated in accordance with Department procedures?
 Yes No Unknown

B. Meteorological Data Used for Air Quality Modeling

- 1. 5 Year(s) of data from 01 / 01 / 83 to 12 / 31 / 87
month day year month day year
- 2. Surface data obtained from (location) Jacksonville, Station No. 13889
- 3. Upper air (mixing height) data obtained from (location) Waycross, Station No. 13861
- 4. Stability wind rose (STAR) data obtained from (location) DEP

C. Computer Models Used

- 1. ISCST 2 Modified? If yes, attach description.
- 2. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.
- 3. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.
- 4. _____ Modified? If yes, attach description.

Attach copies of all final model runs showing input data, receptor locations, and principle output tables.

D. Applicants Maximum Allowable Emission Data

Pollutant	Emission Rate	
TSP	<u>3.06</u>	grams/sec
SO ₂	<u>27.4</u>	grams/sec

E. Emission Data Used in Modeling

Attach list of emission sources. Emission data required is source name, description of point source (on NEDS point number), UTM coordinates, stack data, allowable emissions, and normal operating time.

F. Attach all other information supportive to the PSD review.

G. Discuss the social and economic impact of the selected technology versus other applicable technologies (i.e., jobs, payroll, production, taxes, energy, etc.). Include assessment of the environmental impact of the sources.

H. Attach scientific, engineering, and technical material, reports, publications, journals, and other competent relevant information describing the theory and application of the requested best available control technology.

Particulate (PM-10)

Past Actuals =

$$\frac{8472 \times 21.63}{2000} = 91.6 \text{ tons/yr}$$

$$\text{Future allowable} = (91.6 + 14.9) \times \frac{2000}{8760} = 24.3 \text{ lb/hr}$$

Potential emissions (AP-42) =

$$\left[\frac{17 \text{ lb}}{\text{ton}} \times \frac{17.5 \text{ tons}}{\text{hr}} \right] + \left[\frac{10 \times 8.1 \text{ lb}}{\text{ton}} \times \frac{15.3 \text{ tons}}{\text{hr}} \right] = \frac{1536.8 \text{ lb}}{\text{hr.}}$$

$$= \frac{6731 \text{ tons}}{\text{yr}}$$

SO₂

Future allowables determined by computer modelling.

Potential emissions =

$$\left[\frac{39 (0.913) \text{ lb}}{\text{ton}} \times \frac{15.3 \text{ tons}}{\text{hr}} \right] + \left[\frac{0.2 \text{ lb}}{\text{ton}} \times \frac{17.5 \text{ tons}}{\text{hr}} \right] = \frac{548.3 \text{ lb}}{\text{hr}}$$

$$= \frac{2,401.5 \text{ tons}}{\text{yr}}$$

NO_x

Retain existing allowables

VOC

$$\text{Past Actuals} = \frac{8472}{2000} \times \frac{30.44 \text{ lb}}{\text{hr}} = \frac{129 \text{ tons}}{\text{yr}}$$

$$\text{Future Allowable} = \left[129 + \frac{39.9 \text{ tons}}{\text{yr}} \right] \times \frac{2000}{8760} = \frac{38.6 \text{ lb}}{\text{hr}}$$

Potential Emissions = Future allowables, based on stack test.

CO

No stack test has been required by DEP, ∴ past actuals equal past allowables, according to FAC 17-212.200(2)(b).

Future allowables =

$$\frac{170 \text{ t}}{\text{y}} + \frac{99.9 \text{ t}}{\text{y}} = 269.9 \frac{\text{t}}{\text{y}}$$

$$\left[\frac{15.3 \text{ t}}{\text{hr}} \times \frac{0.6 \text{ lb}}{\text{t}} \right] + \left[\frac{17.5 \text{ t}}{\text{hr}} \times \frac{3.19 \text{ lb}}{\text{t}} \right] = \frac{65 \text{ lb}}{\text{hr}}$$

**SOURCE TEST REPORT
for
PARTICULATE, OXIDES OF NITROGEN,
SULFUR DIOXIDE, AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS**

NUMBER 10 COMBINATION

**FDER PERMIT NUMBER AO16-185036
FDER I.D. NUMBER 31-16-0003-13**

MARCH 6, 1992

Prepared for:

**JEFFERSON-SMURFIT CORPORATION
1915 WIGMORE STREET
POST OFFICE BOX 150
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32201**

Prepared by:

**AIR CONSULTING AND ENGINEERING, INC.
2106 N.W. 67TH PLACE, SUITE 4
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA 32606
(904) 335-1889**

199-92-01

RECEIVED

MAR 16 1992

TECHNICAL DEPT.

2.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The Number 10 Combination Boiler was found to be operating within the emission compliance limits for particulate, NO_x , SO_2 , and visible emissions. Results are summarized in Table 1.

Particulate emissions averaged 10.09 pounds per hour (lbs/Hr) and 0.0214 pounds per million BTUs (lbs/MMBTU) of heat input to the boiler. This is well within the compliance limits of 44.0 lbs/Hr and 0.1 lbs/MMBTU.

Oxides of nitrogen emissions averaged 264.25 lbs/Hr and 0.5592 lbs/MMBTU, also well within the compliance limits of 308.7 lbs/Hr and 0.7 lbs/MMBTU.

Sulfur dioxide emissions averaged 201.11 lbs/Hr and 0.4256 lbs/MMBTU compared to compliance limits of 289.5 lbs/Hr and 1.2 lbs/MMBTU.

Visible emissions averaged 0.0 percent opacity for the highest six minute period of the test. Compliance is 20 percent opacity for the highest six minute period.

Computer printouts are presented in Appendix A. Field data sheets and strip charts are in Appendix B. Laboratory data are provided in Appendix C and visible emission data are located in Appendix F.

Table 1 Emission Summary
 Number 10 Combination Boiler
 Jefferson-Smarfit Corporation
 Jacksonville, Florida
 March 6, 1992

Run Number	Time	Volumetric Flow SCFMD	O ₂ %	H ₂ O %	Stack Temperature °F	Emissions							
						Particulate		NO _x		SO ₂			
						lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU	ppm Dry	lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU	ppm Dry	lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU
1	1132-1235	140115	7.6	21.2	143	10.40	0.0222	298.7	316.87	0.6706	164.5	242.79	0.5130
2	1323-1426	141174	7.9	21.6	144	10.04	0.0212	241.6	244.29	0.5170	136.3	191.68	0.4057
3	1456-1600	138539	8.1	21.2	143	9.76	0.0207	233.4	231.59	0.4901	122.3	168.87	0.3574
Average	-----	142609	7.9	21.3	143	10.09	0.0214	257.9	264.25	0.5592	141.0	201.11	0.4256

Emission Calculations:

lb/MMBTU = lb/Hr ÷ 472.5 MMBTU/Hr

SO₂ - NO₂ lb/Hr = (2.895 × 10⁻⁹) (MW) (ppm) (SCFMD) (60)

MW (NO_x) = 46

MW (SO₂) = 64

3.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

The Number 10 Boiler at Jefferson-Smurfit produces steam for the paper making equipment. The average heat input to the boiler was provided by Mr. Tonn as follows:

Heat Input from Coal = 286.8 MMBTUH

Heat Input from Bark = 185.7 MMBTUH

Total heat input = 472.5 MMBTUH

This is within $\pm 10\%$ of the permitted maximum heat input of 441 MMBTUH.

Fuel rate calculations are provided in Appendix F.

HEAT INPUT CALCULATIONS FOR
NO. 10 COAL/BARK BOILER, A016-185036
JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION
JACKSONVILLE MILL

HEAT INPUT CALCULATIONS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTS ON 3-6-92

FUEL VALUE OF COAL

$$\frac{13005 \text{ BTU/\#COAL} \times 1-.0542 \frac{\text{\%moist.}}{\#} \times 2000 \text{ \#/TON}}{1,000,000 \text{ BTU/MMBTU}} = 24.6 \text{ MMBTU/TON}$$

$$\text{TOTAL CO}_2 = 142,609 \text{ SDCF/MIN.} \times 60 \text{ MIN/HR} \times .102 \text{ CO}_2 = 872767 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2$$

$$\text{CO}_2 \text{ FROM COAL} = 11.66 \text{ TONS COAL/HR} \times 24.6 \text{ MMBTU/TON} \times 1800 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{MMBTU} = - 516305 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{h}$$

$$\text{CO}_2 \text{ FROM BARK} = 356462 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2$$

$$\text{MMBTU/HR FROM BARK} = \frac{356462 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{hr}}{1920 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{MMBTU BARK}} = 185.7 \text{ MMBTU}$$

$$\text{MMBTU/HR FROM COAL} = 11.66 \text{ TON COAL/HR} \times 24.6 \text{ MMBTU/TON} = 286.8 \text{ MMBTU/}$$

$$\text{TOTAL MMBTUs/hr. INTO FURNACE} = 472.5 \text{ MMBTU}$$

% OF PERMITTED HEAT INPUT:

$$\frac{472.5 \text{ MMBTU/hr} \times 100}{441 \text{ MMBTU/HR}} = 107.1\%$$

E. T. Tonn

E. T. TONN
 SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER
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SOURCE TEST REPORT
for
PARTICULATE, OXIDES OF NITROGEN,
SULFUR DIOXIDE AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS

JEFFERSON-SMURFIT CORPORATION
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

NUMBER 10 COMBINATION BOILER

FDER PERMIT NUMBER A016-185036
FDER I.D. NUMBER 31-16-0003-13

FEBRUARY 27, 1991

Prepared for:

JEFFERSON-SMURFIT CORPORATION
1915 WIGMORE STREET
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32201

Prepared by:

AIR CONSULTING AND ENGINEERING, INC.
2106 N.W. 67th PLACE, SUITE 4
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA 32606
(904) 335-1889

199-91-02

2.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The Number 10 Combination Boiler was found to be operating within the emission compliance limits for particulate, NO_x , SO_2 , and visible emissions. Results are summarized in Table 1.

Particulate emissions averaged 21.63 pounds per hour (lb/Hr) and 0.0504 pounds per million BTUs (lb/MMBTU) of heat input to the boiler. This is well within the compliance limits of 44.0 lb/Hr and 0.1 lb/MMBTU.

Oxides of nitrogen emissions averaged 274.89 lb/Hr and 0.6425 lb/MMBTU, also well within the compliance limits of 308.7 lb/Hr and 0.7 lb/MMBTU.

Sulfur dioxide emissions averaged 314.15 lb/Hr and 0.7319 lb/MMBTU compared to compliance limits of 289.5 lb/Hr and 1.2 lb/MMBTU.

The SO_2 results are not totally accurate because of matrix interferences. It was impossible to get a clear end point while titrating. Therefore, the SO_2 laboratory results are bias higher than the SO_2 results obtained with the continuous emission monitor.

Visible emissions averaged 3.75 percent opacity for the highest six minute period of the test. Compliance is 20 percent opacity for the highest six minute period.

Table 1 Emission Summary
 Number 10 Combination Boiler
 Jefferson-Saurfit Corporation
 Jacksonville, Florida
 February 27, 1991

Run Number	Time	Volumetric Flow SCFMD	O ₂ %	H ₂ O %	Stack Temperature °F	Emissions							
						Particulate		ppm Dry	NO _x		SO ₂		
						lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU		lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU	ppm Dry	lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU
1	0824-0935	166534	10.4	18.1	138	29.89	0.0696	232	276.72	0.6446	192.4	319.29	0.7438
2	1018-1120	166518	10.1	17.8	138	17.42	0.0406	232	276.69	0.6446	183.4	304.24	0.7088
3	1158-1300	170018	10.6	17.6	137	17.57	0.0409	225	273.98	0.6383	188.3	318.94	0.7430
Average	-----	167690	10.4	17.8	138	21.63	0.0504	230	274.89	0.6425	188.0	314.15	0.7319

Emission Calculations:

$$\text{lb/MMBTU} = \text{lb/Hr} \div 429.26 \text{ MMBTU/Hr}$$

$$\text{SO}_2 - \text{NO}_2 \text{ lb/Hr} = (2.595 \times 10^{-9}) (\text{MW}) (\text{ppm}) (\text{SCFMD}) (60)$$

$$\text{MW (NO}_x) = 46$$

$$\text{MW (SO}_2) = 64$$

The average heat input to the boiler was provided by Mr. Tonn as follows:

Heat Input from Coal = 340.52 MMBTUH

Heat Input from Bark = 88.74 MMBTUH

Total heat input = 429.26 MMBTUH

This is within $\pm 10\%$ of the permitted maximum heat input of 441 MMBTUH.

Fuel rate calculations are provided in Appendix F. Particulate emission data, NO_x and SO_2 emission summary and strip chart copies, field data sheets, and laboratory data sheets are provided in Appendices A, B, C, and D, respectively. Visible emission data and observers' certification are presented in Appendix F.

HEAT INPUT CALCULATIONS FOR
NO. 10 COAL/BARK BOILER, AO16-86317

JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION

JACKSONVILLE MILL

FEBRUARY 27, 1991

FUEL VALUE OF COAL

$$\frac{13,775 \text{ BTU/\#COAL} \times 1 - 0.0551 \frac{\text{H}_2\text{O}}{\text{COAL}} \times 2000 \text{ \#/TON}}{1,000,000 \text{ BTU/MMBTU}} = 27.55 \text{ MMBTU/TON}$$

HEAT INPUT FROM COAL

$$12.36 \text{ TONS COAL/HR} \times 27.55 \text{ MMBTU/TON} = 340.52 \text{ MMBTU/HR.}$$

HEAT INPUT FROM BARK:

$$314,992 \text{ \#STEAM/HR} \times 0.001102 \text{ MMBTU/\#STEAM} - 340.52 \frac{\text{MMBTU COAL}}{\text{HR.}} \times 0.85 \text{ EFF.}$$

0.65 EFF. ON BARK

$$= 88.74 \text{ mmbTU/HR.}$$

TOTAL HEAT INPUT:

340.52 MMBTU/HR FROM COAL
88.74 MMBTU/HR FROM BARK
429.26 MMBTU/HR TOTAL

% OF PERMITTED LOAD:

$$\frac{429.26 \text{ MMBTU/HR} \times 100}{441 \text{ MMBTU/HR}} = 97.3\%$$

E. T. Tonn

E. T. TONN
SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER

SOURCE TEST REPORT
for
PARTICULATE, OXIDES OF NITROGEN,
SULFUR DIOXIDE, AND VISIBLE EMISSIONS

NUMBER 10 COMBINATION

FDER PERMIT NUMBER AO16-185036
FDER I.D. NUMBER 31-16-0003-13

MARCH 6, 1992

Prepared for:

JEFFERSON-SMURFIT CORPORATION
1915 WIGMORE STREET
POST OFFICE BOX 150
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32201

Prepared by:

AIR CONSULTING AND ENGINEERING, INC.
2108 N.W. 67TH PLACE, SUITE 4
GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA 32608
(904) 335-1889

199-92-01

RECEIVED

MAR 16 1992

TECHNICAL DEPT.

2.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The Number 10 Combination Boiler was found to be operating within the emission compliance limits for particulate, NO_x , SO_2 , and visible emissions. Results are summarized in Table 1.

Particulate emissions averaged 10.09 pounds per hour (lbs/Hr) and 0.0214 pounds per million BTUs (lbs/MMBTU) of heat input to the boiler. This is well within the compliance limits of 44.0 lbs/Hr and 0.1 lbs/MMBTU.

Oxides of nitrogen emissions averaged 264.25 lbs/Hr and 0.5592 lbs/MMBTU, also well within the compliance limits of 308.7 lbs/Hr and 0.7 lbs/MMBTU.

Sulfur dioxide emissions averaged 201.11 lbs/Hr and 0.4256 lbs/MMBTU compared to compliance limits of 289.5 lbs/Hr and 1.2 lbs/MMBTU.

Visible emissions averaged 0.0 percent opacity for the highest six minute period of the test. Compliance is 20 percent opacity for the highest six minute period.

Computer printouts are presented in Appendix A. Field data sheets and strip charts are in Appendix B. Laboratory data are provided in Appendix C and visible emission data are located in Appendix F.

Table 1 Emission Summary
 Number 10 Combination Boiler
 Jefferson-Saurfit Corporation
 Jacksonville, Florida
 March 6, 1992

Run Number	Time	Volumetric Flow SCFMD	O ₂ %	H ₂ O %	Stack Temperature °F	PARTICULATE		Emissions			SO ₂		
						lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU	ppm Dry	lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU	ppm Dry	lb/Hr	lb/MMBTU
1	1132-1235	148115	7.6	21.2	143	10.48	0.0222	298.7	316.87	0.6706	164.5	242.79	0.5138
2	1323-1426	141174	7.9	21.6	144	10.04	0.0212	241.6	244.29	0.5170	136.3	191.68	0.4057
3	1456-1600	138539	8.1	21.2	143	9.76	0.0207	233.4	231.59	0.4901	122.3	168.87	0.3574
Average	-----	142609	7.9	21.3	143	10.09	0.0214	257.9	264.25	0.5592	141.0	201.11	0.4256

MW 46 Emissions MW 64

$\frac{E}{W} = .00201 \text{ (ppm) (SCFMD)}$

Emission Calculations:

lb/MMBTU = lb/Hr ÷ 472.5 MMBTU/Hr

SO₂ - NO₂ lb/Hr = (2.595 × 10⁻⁹) (MW) (ppm) (SCFMD) (60)

- MW (NO₂) = 46
- MW (SO₂) = 64

~ MMAT u / hr

3.0 PROCESS DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

The Number 10 Boiler at Jefferson-Smurfit produces steam for the paper making equipment. The average heat input to the boiler was provided by Mr. Tonn as follows:

Heat Input from Coal = 286.8 MMBTUH	61% COAL
Heat Input from Bark = 185.7 MMBTUH	39% BARK
Total heat input = 472.5 MMBTUH	

This is within $\pm 10\%$ of the permitted maximum heat input of 441 MMBTUH.

Fuel rate calculations are provided in Appendix F.

$$201.11 \frac{\#}{hr}$$

Capacity Factor = $\frac{286.8 \text{ MMBTUH/hr}}{286.5} \times \frac{8470}{12670}$

$$\frac{.6}{441} \times \frac{.5}{540}$$

HEAT INPUT CALCULATIONS FOR
NO. 10 COAL/BARK BOILER, A016-185036
JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION
JACKSONVILLE MILL

HEAT INPUT CALCULATIONS FOR COMPLIANCE TESTS ON 3-6-92

FUEL VALUE OF COAL

$$\frac{13005 \text{ BTU/\#COAL} \times 1-.0542 \frac{\text{moist.}}{\#} \times 2000 \text{ \#/TON}}{1,000,000 \text{ BTU/MMBTU}} = 24.6 \text{ MMBTU/TON}$$

$$\text{TOTAL CO}_2 = 142,609 \text{ SDCF/MIN.} \times 60 \text{ MIN/HR} \times .102 \text{ CO}_2 = 872767 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2$$

$$\text{CO}_2 \text{ FROM COAL} = 11.66 \text{ TONS COAL/HR} \times 24.6 \text{ MMBTU/TON} \times 1800 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{MMBTU} = - 516305 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{hr}$$

$$\text{CO}_2 \text{ FROM BARK} = 356462 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2$$

$$\text{MMBTU/HR FROM BARK} = \frac{356462 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{hr}}{1920 \text{ ft}^3\text{CO}_2/\text{MMBTU BARK}} = 185.7 \text{ MMBTU/hr}$$

$$\text{MMBTU/HR FROM COAL} = 11.66 \text{ TON COAL/HR} \times 24.6 \text{ MMBTU/TON} = 286.8 \text{ MMBTU/hr}$$

$$\text{TOTAL MMBTUs/hr. INTO FURNACE} = 472.5 \text{ MMBTU/hr}$$

% OF PERMITTED HEAT INPUT:

$$\frac{472.5 \text{ MMBTU/hr} \times 100}{441 \text{ MMBTU/HR}} = 107.1\%$$

E. T. Tonn

E. T. TONN
 SENIOR ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER
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SOURCE TEST REPORT
for
VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND EMISSIONS

NUMBER 10 COMBINATION BOILER

FDER PERMIT NUMBER
AO 16-86317

JUNE 27, 1990

Prepared for:

JEFFERSON-SMURFIT CORPORATION
1915 WIGMORE STREET
POST OFFICE BOX 150
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA 32201

Prepared by:

AIR CONSULTING AND ENGINEERING, INC.
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GAINESVILLE, FLORIDA 32606
(904) 335-1889

199-90-05

2.0 SUMMARY AND DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

Results of the emission testing are summarized in Table 1. Complete emission data are provided in the appendices.

Total VOC emissions as carbon averaged 30.44 pounds per hour for the three run test period.

The boiler was fired on a combination of coal and bark at a rate of 432.1 million BTU per hour or 98% of permitted capacity. These calculations are presented in Appendix D.

Table 1 Volatile Organic Compound Emissions Summary
 Number 10 Combination Boiler
 Jefferson-Saurfit Corporation
 June 27, 1990

Run Number	Time	C ₆ H ₆ ppm _{wet}	Stack Moisture %	C ₆ H ₆ ppm _{dry} *	Volumetric Flow (SCFMD)	VOC lb/Hr** as Carbon
1	0935-1035	34	20.5	43	126233	30.42
2	1057-1157	31	21.0	39	126784	27.72
3	1214-1314	36	21.6	46	128697	33.18
Average	-----	34	21.0	43	127238	30.44

* ppm_d = ppm_w/FDA
 Where FDA = Fraction Dry Air

** ppm C₆H_{6,dry} X = ppm C
 lb/Hr = (ppm C)(3.114 X 10⁻⁶)(SCFMD)(60)

HEAT INPUT CALCULATIONS FOR
#10 UTILITY BOILER, A016-86317
FOR V.O.C.
RUN ON JUNE 27, 1990
JEFFERSON SMURFIT CORPORATION
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA

Fuel value of coal on 6/27/90:

$$13259 \text{ BTU/\#coal} \times 1 - .0566 \frac{\# \text{ moist.}}{\#} \times 2000 \text{ \#/ton} = 25.0 \text{ MMBtu/hr.}$$

1,000,000 BTU/MMBTU

Heat input from coal:

$$12.16 \text{ tons coal/hr.} \times 25.0 \text{ MMBtu/ton coal} = 304.0 \text{ MMBtu/hr.}$$

Heat input from bark:

$$310,060 \text{ \#steam/hr.} \times .001102 \text{ Btu/\#stm.} - 304.0 \frac{\text{MMBtu Coal}}{\text{hr.}} \times .85 \text{ eff.on coal}$$

.65 eff. on bark

$$= 128.1 \text{ MMBtu/hr.}$$

Total heat input: 432.1 MMBtu/hr.

% of Permitted load:

$$\frac{432.1 \text{ MMBtu/hr.} \times 100}{441 \text{ MMBtu/hr.}} = 98.0\%$$



J. Norman Davis
Environmental Engineer
Quality Management Facilitator

td/HEATINPT

**ALTON PACKAGING CORPORATION
JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA
1 TYPE VU-40 BOILER
C-E CONTRACT 25781**

PREDICTED PERFORMANCE*

Fuel		NO. 6 OIL	PULV. COAL
Evaporation	lb/hr	350,000	350,000
Feedwater Temperature	°F	360	360
Superheater Outlet Temperature	°F	850	850
Superheater Outlet Pressure	psig	900	900
Boiler Outlet Pressure	psig	958	958
Superheater Pressure Drop	psi	58	58
Economizer Pressure Drop	psi	27	27
Efficiency	%	87.20	87.43
Fuel Fired	lb/hr	23,580	35,380
Excess Air Leaving Boiler	%	15	20
Gas Leaving Boiler	lb/hr	401,300	425,100
Gas Temp. Leaving Boiler	°F	870	900
Gas Temp. Leaving Economizer	°F	615	630
Gas Temp. Leaving Air Heater	°F	340	360
Ambient Air			
Temperature	°F	80	80
Relative Humidity	%	60	60
Air to Air Heater	°F	80	80
Air Temperature Leaving Air Heater	°F	410	450
Air Leaving Air Heater	lb/hr	377,800	394,700
Pressure Drop**			
Windbox	"wg	4.00	3.10
Air Heater, Air Side	"wg	2.57	2.25
Air Ducts	"wg	0.57	0.50
Steam Air Heater	"wg	0.63	0.63
Total	"wg	7.77	6.48
Draft Loss**			
Furnace	"wg	0.10	0.10
Boiler & Superheater	"wg	0.32	0.37
Economizer	"wg	1.02	1.17
Air Heater, Gas Side	"wg	1.95	2.19
Gas Ducts	"wg	0.57	0.50
Dust Collector (Mech. & Scrubber)	"wg	23.70	23.80
Total	"wg	27.66	28.13

*NOTES: *These performance figures are predicted only and are not to be construed as being guaranteed except where the points coincide with the guarantees.
 **Pressure & Draft Losses are at 30 ft elev.
 The fuel specifications on which the performance is based are as follows.
 The source of analysis is derived from customer's dry analysis.

No. 6 Oil - % by wgt.	
C	85.75
H ₂	11.00
O ₂	0.40
N ₂	0.35
S	2.50
	100.00

HHV = 18,690 Btu/lb

Coal - % By Weight	
Fixed Carbon	67.80
H ₂	4.80
O ₂	7.50
N ₂	1.60
H ₂ O	3.00
ASH	13.40
S	1.90
	100.00

HHV = 12,590 Btu/lb

**BOILER VALVE & TRIM LIST
FOR**

Date 9-12-81

ALTON PACKAGING CORPORATION

Ultimate User ALTON PACKAGING CORP. Consul. Engr. REYNOLDS, SMITH & HILLS
 Plant Location JACKSONVILLE, FLORIDA Purchaser P.O. No. 13-J-9601
 Plant Elevation 10'-6" C-E, Inc. Contract No. 25781
 Installation OUTDOOR
 Boiler Type VU-40
 Units on Contract ONE Furn. Width 21'-11" Furn. Depth 23'-11"
 Drum Centers 16'-0" Upper Drum Dia. 60" Blr. Tube Dia. 2"
 Heating Surface - Ft²: Boiler 11,065 Water Wall 8,355 Economizer 6,970
 Furnace Volume - Cu. Ft. 31,590

 Pressure - psig: Design 1025 Operating 900 Future Operating
 Capacity - lb/hr.: 350,000 Peak 385,000 Future
 Air Temperature - °F: 80° T.S.T. 850° Future T.S.T.
 Feedwater Temperature - °F: Economizer Inlet 360°
 Fuel(s): Primary PULV. COAL H.V. 12,590 BTU/LB. Sec. N° 6 OIL H.V. 18,690 BTU/LB.
 WOODWASTE H.V. 4,220 BTU/LB.

*FAF/TB 9/17/81
N.A. 9/17/81*